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# **Curriculum Plan (Music)**

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topics	1 Find your Voice  • Warming up the voice,	Musical Creation     Know Treble clef pitch	4 Beat It  Saving, naming,
Cinto Topics	<ul> <li>Warming up the voice, breathing techniques and Vocal/ Rhythm games</li> <li>Recognising Rhythm and Pitch. Using notation and rhythm grids</li> <li>Learning a variety of songs to experience different styles, cultures and arrangement /parts</li> <li>Performance techniques to include expressive singing</li> <li>Keyboard Skills</li> <li>Reading, writing and playing with Musical notation. Focusing on the Treble clef</li> <li>Understanding keyboard techniques, posture and finger patterns.</li> <li>Developing fine motor skills, using two hands independently</li> <li>Learning to play a selection of simple melodies with the RH</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know Treble cler pitch based on scale of C</li> <li>Understand note values and rests— semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver</li> <li>Understand Time signatures 2/4 ¾ 4/4 and timing</li> <li>Use of graphic score to visualise pitch and rhythm</li> <li>Know how to organise notes into bars</li> <li>Have an awareness of repetition and contrast</li> <li>Understand binary and ternary form</li> <li>Know chords 1, 4 and 5 in the form of a triad</li> <li>Understand what an ostinato is</li> <li>Begin to explore different genres</li> </ul>	opening and locating their work  Basic Logic features and shortcuts, including Zoom, Cycle and BPM  The features of the transport bar  Bar numbers and beats. Simple quantising (4/8/16)  How to programme some basic drum beats including fills and phrases  Input, Copy and paste ideas  Input, Copy and paste ideas  Understand the Piano roll  Know differences between Audio and MIDI files  Musical structures  Use and choose a selection of software instruments  Basic mixing using Pan and Volume  Bounce their work
	Adding LH simple bass notes to the melody.		to an MP3
Key Assessment	1 Find your Voice	3 Musical Creation	4 Beat It
	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit composition</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative         assessment         throughout the         lessons with verbal         feedback and work         log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to         include skills</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>End of unit performance which is videoed/recorded</li> </ul>	which is videoed/recorded/saved digitally, focussing on	studied and problem solving



- focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks

#### 2 Keyboard Skills

- Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.
- Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving
- End of unit performance which is videoed/recorded
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks

- interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks
- End of unit composition which is saved digitally as an MP3, focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks

#### Why is it studied?

(Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?)

#### 1 Find Your Voice

The Vocal topic / rhythm games are to develop confidence and review some of the work completed at KS2. Vocal techniques and posture are taught as skills for life. Singing in parts, unison, rounds are taught through a selection of songs from different genres and cultures. The focus is on pitch, rhythm and musicality. Arranging skills and working as a team are also taught through this module. Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module.

2 Keyboard Skills
Students study notation using the Treble clef and rhythmic values. They develop their fine motor skills through the keyboard techniques. This enables them to learn a musical instrument that is closely linked to Music Technology and can be used in a compositional way. The Bass clef is introduced and enables students to work with both hands independently.

#### **3 Musical Creation**

This topic builds on the keyboard skills and notation studied previously. The focus is now on melody writing. structure and use of the musical elements. Tuned percussion will also be used for

New skills are introduced such as ostinato, call and response, phrase structure, repetition and contrast, chords/ root notes that will fit with their melody.

Arranging skills will be developed through Binary and Ternary form and the continued use of the elements will be a part of the success criteria to ensure the piece is musical.

Listening and appraising through Musical elements with key

Musical elements with key vocabulary will be linked to this module.

#### 4 Beat It

This introduces some Music Technology with the LOGIC programme. Students will be using skills from the previous modules. They will be playing in ideas from the keyboard, composing basslines and riffs. New skills include learning basic features of Logic in a practical way. Using piano roll, pitch, quantising, velocity, they will build up a selection of ideas to arrange into a Drum & Bass style piece. They will study layering, mixing and bouncing their work. This knowledge and skill is revisited and developed at KS4

Listening and appraising through Musical elements with key vocabulary will be linked to this module.



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Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module. The study of other types of keyboard instruments will also be studied.	

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topics	1 The Live Lounge These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7. Skills from the "Find Your Voice"/ "Keyboard Skills" will be revisited in this module.  • Recognising chord progressions and playing by ear. • Interpreting a chord chart. • Building chords (Major and Minor) • Reading and understanding Tablature • Instrumental skills on the bass and keyboard. • Performing as part of an ensemble. • Building confidence as a musician and vocalist. • Improvising with the voice and instruments. • Expression and communication	2 Mash It Up These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7. Skills from "Beat It" will be revisited in this module.  • Use the MIDI keyboard to input ideas • Learn how to edit MIDI data including the pitch and quantise to make it accurate. • Velocity shaping • Understand and use different octaves for different parts of their piece • Learn how to create ideas using the cycle mode. • Learn how to develop the structure • Learn how to edit WAV loops • Reverb. What it does and how to use it • Delay. What it does	These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7. Skills from "Musical Creation" will be revisited in this module.  Can understand the difference between major/minor/diatonic/dissonance.  Understand phrasing.  Can understand simple treble clef notation (possibly bass/tab as an alternative/addition)  understand sequence.  understand the difference between verse and chorus.  know minor chords 2 and 6  know about different voice types and ranges.  know about different song styles.  Arranging their song in an original way.  Performing with accuracy, fluency, expression and communication.  Woman in Black (CFO)  Develop creative skills by composing a soundtrack to the film clip  Think about orchestral sounds e.g. strings, church organ
	through performance.  • Arranging a song in an original way.	Delay. What it does and how to use it     How to use automation (Pan and Volume)	organ  • How to layer sounds and use sound effects for specific points in the clip



	Performing with accuracy, fluency, expression and communication.		<ul> <li>Consider how to represent tense/dramatic moments.</li> <li>Use of an ostinato to hold ideas together.</li> <li>Understand the idea of through-composed.</li> <li>Evaluate own progress and make adjustments.</li> </ul>
Key Assessment	<ul> <li>Formative         assessment         throughout the         lessons with         verbal feedback         and work log         comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to         include skills         studied and         problem solving</li> <li>End of unit         performance         which is         videoed/recorded         focussing on         interpretation,         technical control,         accuracy, fluency         and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher         assessment with         GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit piece which is bounced as an MP3, focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit composition is videoed/recorded /saved digitally focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>
Why is it studied? (Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?)	1 The Live Lounge The live lounge builds on singing /keyboard and performance techniques learnt in year 7 and introduces the Tablature and the Bass Guitar. Pupils will learn chords on the piano and root notes on the Bass in order to accompany themselves. Singing along to chords develops pitch recognition of the voice and encourages musical fluency and improvisation. This knowledge and skill is revisited and developed at KS4 Pupils will develop their musical ear and create their own musical arrangement of a song for	2 Mash It Up "Mash it up" builds on the Music Technology and the composing techniques learnt in year 7. Students will now play chords / melodic riffs into Logic and be able to edit them. Changes in Quantise, velocity, length, pitch and voices/sounds will be studied. Students will also manipulate loops and integrate them into their work. This will also need to be edited in a musical and fluent way. Enhancing their work by adding reverb and delay effects before mixing and bouncing their work to MP3 Listening and appraising are also introduced through	3 Song Writing Song writing builds on "Musical Creation" from year 7 as well as Technology /performance techniques from earlier in the year. They study chord sequences and song structure. These are taught aurally as well as through notation and Logic. Melodic devices, phrasing, accompaniment patterns and layering of instruments will develop their compositional skills. Composing in a variety of different genres will still be revisited and developed at KS4. Writing lyrics will also be taught and how to match the word setting to the melody/syllables. Developing chords and inversions / fitting them with the melody will be taught. Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module.  4 Woman in Black (CFO) In addition to this, creativity will be



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a 'Live Lounge' style performance. Keyboard skills include working from a lead sheet, accompaniment patterns and techniques. Bass playing introduces Tablature and skills on playing a fretted string instrument. Group work, time management, organisation and some Music Technology (setting up microphones, jack to jack cables etc) Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module.

vocabulary linked to this module. Students also study some Music technology history about equipment and production techniques. Composing in a variety of styles will still be revisited and developed at KS4. They will be encouraged to use Music Technology to realise their coursework.

task. Pupils will consider how to respond to different points in the clip, thinking about the use of orchestral sounds and how to layer them, sound effects and ostinato. They will learn the concept of through-composed. This knowledge and skill is revisited and developed at KS4

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topic s	Autumn  1 Join My Band These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7 & 8. Skills from the "Live Lounge"/ "Keyboard Skills" will be revisited in this module.  • Recognising chord	Spring  2 Freestyle These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7 & 8. Skills from the "Musical Creation"/ "Songwriting" will be revisited in this module.  • Understand more complex compositional devices e.g.	Summer  3 Remix Time These new Skills build on the previous work studied in Year 7 & 8. Skills from "Beat It" and "Mash it Up" will be revisited in this module.  • Learn how to use audio stems to create a remix  • Understand Basic EQ and
	progressions and playing by ear.  Interpreting a chord chart / Lead sheet  Building chords (Major and Minor + Inversions)	ostinato/key change/chromatic scale/discords/syncopation/ compound time as appropriate • Know and use various structures • Know about different voices/instruments in various combinations	learn how to create a frequency sweep  Be able to use more complex Automation techniques (EQ and effects)  Learn how to develop their mixing skills (perhaps using a reference track)  Learn how to import and edit loops and audio stems



	<ul> <li>Reading and understanding Tablature</li> <li>Instrumental skills on the Drums and Guitar.</li> <li>Performing as part of an ensemble.</li> <li>Building confidence as a musician and vocalist.</li> <li>Improvising with the voice and instruments.</li> <li>Expression and communication through performance.</li> <li>Arranging a song in an original way.</li> <li>Performing with accuracy, fluency, expression and communication.</li> </ul>	Understand dynamics/tempo/texture and how to use them  Understand 7 <sup>th</sup> and diminished chords, recognise concords and discords.  Know about different genres of music  Revisit how chords and a bass line work together	<ul> <li>Plan and input the 3 contrasting sections using a mixture of pre-set loops, composed basslines and audio stems</li> <li>Understand how to create texture in their piece by duplicating sounds, octaves and use of pan.</li> <li>Understand and be able to use basic synthesis (ADSR) to refine their sounds and be able to save their own patches</li> <li>Understand features of EQ in production</li> <li>Understand automation with regard to effect processing</li> <li>Understand how to use a reference track to help the mixing process.</li> </ul>
Key Assessment	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit performance which is videoed/recorded focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit composition is videoed/recorded /saved digitally focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Mid term test to include skills studied and problem solving</li> <li>End of unit piece which is bounced as an MP3, focussing on interpretation, technical control, accuracy, fluency and expression.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>
Why is it studied? (Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it	1 Join My Band "Join My Band" builds on singing /instrumental skills and performance techniques learnt in year 7/8. It introduces the drums and a drum legend	2 Freestyle  "Freestyle" builds on Compositional skills and techniques learnt in year 7/8.  It introduces extended harmony (7 <sup>th</sup> , diminished chords)	3 Remix Time "Remix Time" builds on Technology skills and techniques learnt in year 7/8. It introduces editing loops and vocal stems, crossfading and stuttering. Pupils will learn more features



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link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?) plus the development of **Tablature for the Guitar.** Pupils will learn chords + inversions to develop their accompaniment skills on the piano/ keyboard. Pupils will develop their musical ear and create their own musical arrangement of a song for a Full band performance. Keyboard skills include working from a lead sheet, accompaniment patterns and techniques. Guitar playing will now include full chords / power chords as well as reading/ understanding Tablature. Group work, time management, organisation and Music Technology (setting up microphones, jack to jack cables etc) will also be assessed. Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module. Students will also learn about Jobs within the Music Business This knowledge and skill is revisited and developed at KS4

Students study stylistic features of a genre that they would like to compose in. They need to organise their ideas using musical elements to create interest
Students build their knowledge of complex compositional devices e.g. ostinato/key change/chromatic scale/discords/syncopation/ compound time and use various compositional structures.
They also learn about different voices/instruments in various combinations and use Musical

The Freestyle module enables students to experiment with composing using a variety of elements and techniques. This knowledge and skill is revisited and developed at KS4

elements to evoke mood and

emotion.

about the Logic programme through Remixing including keys, importing WAV's, BPM, normalising the audio and trimming samples.

They will also learn some basic Synthesis (ADSR, octaves and filters) to produce their own sounds. Students will learn new production techniques such as automation, Ultrabeat drum programming and EQ filter sweeps to enhance their remix work.

Listening and appraising are also introduced through Musical elements with key vocabulary linked to this module. Students also study some Music technology history about equipment and production techniques.

Composing in a variety of different genres using Music Technology will

Composing in a variety of different genres using Music Technology will still be revisited and developed at KS4.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topics	Area of study 1: Musical Forms and Devices	Area of study 4: Popular Music.	Area of study 2: Music for Ensemble
	This area of study focuses on understanding structural forms and devices across a variety of genres and styles from the	In this area of study, learners will develop an understanding of popular music: pop, rock	In this area of study, learners develop understanding of sonority and texture, including instrumental and





Western Classical Tradition 1650-1910.

This area of study includes one prepared extract which learners must study in depth.

 Badinerie by J.S.Bach for Flute and String Orchestra with Harpsichord (Final movement, Orchestral Suite No.2 in B minor, BWV 1067)

Through listening to and/or playing examples of music from the Western Classical Tradition (1650-1910), learners will identify the main features of binary, ternary, minuet and trio, rondo, variation and strophic forms, including how composers use the musical devices to create and develop music: These can include Repetition, Imitation, Ostinato and Sequence.

and pop, bhangra and fusion (of different styles).

This area of study includes one prepared extract which learners must study in depth.

• Africa: Toto (released 1982)

Through listening to and/or performing examples of popular music learners will study how Instrumental and synthesised sound is used. Original music may be modified vocal sounds are used. Instruments and voices are combined. Sound is computer-generated and amplified. Software and samplers are utilised. Students will also be able to identify musical features such as Verse, chorus, 12 bar blues, improvisation and primary/secondary chords.

vocal groupings as appropriate to their context.

Through listening to and/or performing examples from chamber music, musical theatre, jazz and blues, learners will study texture, including how composers combine musical lines in textures such as: Polyphonic, Unison, Chordal, Layered, Melody and accompaniment.

Students will also consider how texture is used in the following instrumental and vocal groupings: Vocal ensembles (including solos, duets, trios, use of backing vocals) Jazz/blues trio, Rhythm section, String quartet, Basso continuo and Sonatas.

## **Key Assessment**

- Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.
- Frequent tests on Musical devices
- Creating a number of small compositional ideas based around the Musical Forms
- Recording at least two performances based around Musical Forms
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks

- Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.
- Frequent tests on types of Popular Music.
- Creating a number of small compositional ideas based around the elements of Popular Music
- Recording at least two performances in a Popular Music style.
- Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks

- Formative
   assessment
   throughout the
   lessons with verbal
   feedback and work
   log comments.
- Frequent tests on Ensemble Music.
- Creating a number of small compositional ideas based around the elements of Ensemble Music
- Composing a piece based around the student's main instrument but focussing on any of the three AOS already covered.
- Recording at least two Ensemble performances.
- Year 10 exam in June



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			<ul> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>
Why is it studied? (Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?)	This unit on Form and Devices uses the prior knowledge from composing in KS3. New forms are taught which coincide with the set work by J.S.Bach. These devices will be taught through small compositional tasks, to introduce and understand the types of device / form. Use of technical terms and keywords associated with this unit will also be covered. This builds up a bank of resources that the students can use in their final compositions. Performance tasks will also try and focus on some of the devices and forms. The performance element builds confidence and skills for the student's final performances.	The Popular Music unit, builds on the form and devices unit covered last term. It now brings together form in a popular style such as "song writing". The contrasting styles such as "fusion" and the set work "Africa" by Toto expand the student's knowledge of form, instrumentation and chords. These new skills will be taught through small practical tasks, using technical terms and keywords associated with this unit. This builds up a bank of resources that the students can use in their final compositions. Performance tasks will focus on Popular Music styles building confidence and skills for the student's final performances.	Music for Ensemble brings together the KS3 performance tasks plus the two units already studied this year. They now use their form and harmonic skills to introduce texture and instrumentation to their compositional work. This will enable the student's to compose their main coursework piece for their own instrument using all the skills and knowledge built up over the year. The technical terms and keywords associated with this unit continue to build up a bank of resources which will be vital in their understanding for the final written exam. Performance tasks will focus on Ensemble work building confidence and skills for the student's final performances.

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Area of study 3: Film Music	Composition 2	Exam Preparation
Unit/Topics	In this area of study, learners will develop an understanding of film music including the use of timbre, tone colour and dynamics for effect.  Through listening to and/or performing examples of Fim music learners will study how	This is set by the board and has a wide selection of choices.  Candidates can use these choices to compose in a style linked to ONE the 4 Areas of Study.	Exam Preparation  This may be started in the Spring term to enable the revision of all 4 Areas of Study  • Understand exam technique for the written papers. • Learn to focus on the
	<ul> <li>Composers use musical elements appropriately to respond to a specific commission</li> <li>Composers use leitmotifs and thematic</li> </ul>	These can be performed by live musicians or by using Logic to realise their work.  In this term both SOLO and ENSEMBLE performances need to be recorded and be	marks scheme and time management  Learn basic fingerprints and Keywords of the 4 Areas of Study





	transformation to develop thematic material  To respond to a given stimulus or commission such as words or pictures  Musical features are adopted by composers to create a mood in descriptive music  Performers interpret a composition  The audience and/or venue affect the performance and/or composition  Instrumental and/or vocal timbres are used to create colour/mood  Dynamics and contrast are used for the creation of special effects  Music technology may be used to further enhance sonority  Minimalistic techniques are used in film music.	ready for submission with a suitable score.  In this term both "OWN CHOICE" and "THE BOARDS CHOICE" compositions need to be recorded and be ready for submission complete with score.	Know how to solve problems using Logic     Understand the layout and content of the written paper including the TWO set works     Know and revise the content from all 5 Units.     Understand key terms and musical features from the Areas of Study.
Key Assessment	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Frequent tests on types of Film Music.</li> <li>Creating a number of small compositional ideas based around the elements of Film Music</li> <li>Recording at least two performances in a Film Music style.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Frequent tests from Past papers to include all 4 Areas of Study. (Theory and Practical)</li> <li>Producing a score and a recording of the Composition.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Past papers and questions marked with feedback.</li> <li>Whole group questions and discussions on how to improve answers.</li> <li>One to one help with any individual issues.</li> </ul>
Why is it studied? (Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?)	This unit on Film Music uses the prior knowledge from composing in KS3. The students have studied already had some experience of composing music for film and adverts at KS3. These new in-depth skills involve Leitmotif, developing thematic material and Minimalist techniques. Students will compose to a "silent clip" working closely with the musical	This term is focussed upon the coursework. The Performances need to be recorded or chosen from previous work from Year 10 whilst the 2 Compositions need to be developed and completed including a suitable score and recording of both works.	The 4 Areas of Study have already been delivered, assessed and reviewed as the course has progressed but this half term is spent on exam skills and techniques. This is to prepare and revise for the external exam. Preparation techniques have already been shared after each unit (before the final assessment of each AoS).



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elements, timing and hit points. They will research and investigate sound libraries as well as creating their own sounds to match the film. This will also build future knowledge	This will also build future knowledge /skills for KS5.
for the Composing aspect for KS5.	

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topics	Understanding synth modelling ADSR     Learning about EQ (shelving / cut / Q)     Understanding waves and basic physics of sound     Understanding leads and connections     Understanding features of a mixing desk     Understanding microphones     Develop more knowledge of various genres and technological features through the listening questions.     Sequencing Skills will be developed further ensuring that students can make their work sound more realistic and musical (velocity shaping, various quantise parameters,	Understand the workings of the recording studio and the role of the performer/producer.     Gain knowledge of microphone techniques and using DI     Understand how to run a successful recording session.     Understand how to prepare and plan for the recording (eg: arranging music, parts, rehearsing and working to a given brief)     Understand the criteria for success for both the recording and sequencing modules.     Understand and gain knowledge about compositional	Understand basic mixing techniques and set up the desk for a mixdown.     Gain knowledge of a range of effects processors     Understand compression, limiting and gating.     Understand automation and how to include it successfully in the mix.     Prepare for the written exam papers, gain knowledge of the outline, timings and types of questions.     Use reference tracks to help with mixing     Develop skills in using processors to enhance the individual sound     Be able to edit and correct and problems with the recording     Develop listening skills to work on specific issues with the mix
	questions. • Sequencing Skills will be developed further ensuring that students can make their work sound more realistic and musical (velocity shaping, various	brief)  • Understand the criteria for success for both the recording and sequencing modules.  • Understand and gain knowledge about	<ul> <li>Develop skills in using processors to enhance the individual sound</li> <li>Be able to edit and correct and problems with the recording</li> <li>Develop listening skills to work on specific</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>quantise parameters,</li> <li>ADSR modelling)</li> <li>Features of the Logic programme and shortcuts</li> <li>Inputting, editing and routing MIDI / Audio</li> </ul>	techniques, harmony, structure.  Be able to plan and arrange a piece ready to record.	Practice exam questions especially with timing restrictions for paper 4     Create a log of work to show your progress in the coursework



	<ul> <li>Learning about various genres, musical &amp; technology terms, identifying fingerprints of styles</li> <li>Practical sessions on a variety of tech equipment through the ages</li> <li>Composing music to a brief and showing the knowledge learnt throughout the term.</li> <li>Basic sampling and mapping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Familiarise and practice the role of the producer.</li> <li>Team work with specific roles for everyone</li> <li>Be conscious of health and safety when recording.</li> <li>Practice using and setting up equipment (eg mic stands)</li> </ul>	
Key Assessment	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Listening homework with extra research about genre and artists.</li> <li>Frequent tests on specific areas of technology studied over the term.</li> <li>A number of short practical exercises to gain skills in tech features.</li> <li>End of term Listening test to include knowledge gained and problem solving.</li> <li>End of term         Sequencing and Recording task is saved digitally focussing on the skills gained over the term.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>	Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments. Listening homework with extra research about genre and artists. Frequent tests on specific areas of technology studied over the term. A number of short practical exercises to gain skills in tech features. End of term Listening test to include knowledge gained and problem solving. End of term Sequencing and Recording task is saved digitally focussing on the skills gained over the term. Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Listening homework with the focus on Q5, (Compare / Contrast)</li> <li>Mock exam based on Paper 3 and 4.</li> <li>Final recording and sequencing/composition tasks. These are linked to previous exam briefs.</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> </ul>
Why is it studied? (Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on	This subject will have a number of students that will not have studied Music Technology before. The first half term will be building knowledge about the Logic programme, developing sequencing skills and learning about the history.	This term the students continue to develop their skills with a more focussed approach to composition and recording. Running recording sessions, rehearsing and arranging material work	This term sets an exam type brief and the students work in a practical way to complete the tasks. They have time to practice their skills acquired over the first two terms. (eg develop their own mic placement techniques and synth patches)

alongside new learning about

and synth patches.)

and learning about the history



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extensive listening programme.  Basic knowledge and practice of Logic functions will build their confidence and production skills for both the recording and sequencing A nutasks.  Lessons on connectors, EQ, synthesis, frequency, microphones will enable the students to start their initial tasks.  Old technologies are also	equencing aspect cops the compositional and theory to coincide cogic's various plug-in's. The reflect main Recording compositional tasks will be set side the main Recording compositional task for term.  The y and listening lessons mue to develop the skills nowledge needed for 13 and 4.
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	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Unit/Topics	<ul> <li>How to record and make own samples</li> <li>Understanding of the Composition task using the success criteria</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand more complex mixing techniques and set up the desk greater routing (eg, grouping</li> </ul>	The last few weeks will be spent finalising coursework, mixes, bounces and completing the Logbooks. There will also be exam
	<ul> <li>Understanding more complex compositional techniques (Harmony, extended chords, polyrhythms)</li> </ul>	channels, Larger range of AUX and BUS)  Gain knowledge of more complex effect processors (space	questions on both papers to ensure students know what to expect in their final exams.
	<ul> <li>Further recording techniques (eg Drums)</li> <li>Develop recording engineer techniques</li> </ul>	<ul><li>designer)</li><li>Understand more complex EQ and how it enhances the mix</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>(overdubbing, drop ins, assigning takes)</li> <li>Understand more complex theory and production techniques</li> <li>(eg Chain Compression)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand further parameters of new synth engines (eg Alchemy)</li> <li>Prepare for the written exam papers,</li> </ul>	





	Be able to compose	gain further
	<ul> <li>Be able to compose using suspensions, colour chords, contrasting rhythms and melodic devices.</li> <li>Experiment with different miking techniques (eg Glyn Johns)</li> <li>Using a variety of plug in's / editing to create a perfect take.</li> <li>Make professional judgements about their work/ recording.</li> <li>Develop their skills using logic and the synth engines.</li> </ul>	gain further knowledge of the types of questions and how to approach them in the actual exam.  • Use a selection of reference tracks to help with mixing. • Create a number of mixes, try them through a variety of speaker and monitors. • Develop skills in using processors and create their individual patches. • Be able to create their own synths with complex automation (eg modulation) • Train their listening skills to identify certain frequencies within the mix • Practice exam questions especially with timing restrictions for paper 4 • Complete the log books to show progress and development of your technology skills within your coursework
Key Assessment	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Listening homework focussing on the A2 paper 3</li> <li>Summative feedback on Coursework-Composition and Recording tasks.</li> <li>Practice exam questions in class</li> <li>Peer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> <li>Mock style paper 3</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formative assessment throughout the lessons with verbal feedback and work log comments.</li> <li>Listening homework focussing on the A2 paper 3</li> <li>Summative feedback on Coursework-Composition and Recording tasks.</li> <li>Practice exam questions in class</li> <li>Practice exam questions and Recording tasks.</li> <li>Preer /self/teacher assessment with GAP tasks</li> <li>Mock style paper 4</li> </ul>



Called as God's family we strive to achieve our personal best, by living and learning in Christ

#### Why is it studied?

(Why are these topics taught here? Why is it important? How does it link with prior or future knowledge? What skills are taught which build on previous or link to future?)

The new subject knowledge and skills are now targeted towards the Unit 1 Composition and the Unit 2 Recording. These are set by the Board in September. These advanced techniques in Music technology (sampling and mic positions) are revisited and developed in order for the students to choose their own production methods for their coursework.

More advanced composing techniques are also revisited and developed, with a focus on technology being used in the process of composing to the set brief.

Preparation for the exam papers build on the knowledge from Year 12 and practice questions are given on a regular basis. Keeping accurate logs and photos of their set -up work is also studied in order to link their practical coursework to the planning stages.

Advanced mixing skills are now the main focus due to the completion of the coursework. Mixing and production techniques are revisited and developed. A number of mixes and bounces will be completed and improved upon. Preparation for the exam papers build on the knowledge from Year 12 and practice questions are given on a regular basis.

This work revisits knowledge and skills from throughout the course and build confidence for the final exams and a solid understanding of Music technology if students wish to study the subject at a higher level.

This work revisits knowledge and skills from throughout the course and build confidence for the final exams and a solid understanding of Music technology if students wish to study the subject at a higher level.



